

## Phytogeographical analysis of the flora of Miljkovačka gorge in Eastern Serbia

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### **Abstract:**

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As a result of two-year investigation of the Miljkovacka gorge flora, carried out during the 2010. and 2011., 331 plant taxa belonging to 245 genera and 70 families were recorded and sorted into 112 floristic elements, 15 area groups and 9 area types. Phytogeographical analysis showed that the species of Eurasian area type are the most abundant ones.

**Key words:** area group, area type, floristic element, Miljkovačka gorge

## Introduction

One of the major biodiversity hotspots is Balkan Peninsula (Horvat *et al.*, 1974), and the Miljkovacka gorge is situated in Eastern Serbia, SE of Niš, bordered by Mt Kalafat (837 m), Mt Kamenički vis (813 m) from south and hillsides of Mt Devica (1187 m) from north and northeast, which belong to Carpathian-Balkan group of mountains (**Fig. 1**). Bela river that flows beneath Mt Devica and Kopaljcosarska river that flows beneath Mt Kalafat are flowing into each other near Popsica village making Popsica river. During its passage through the village Kravlje, it changes name to Kravljanska river. On its way to South Morava, it changes its name twice more: Miljkovačka river and Toponička river. As Toponička river, it finally flows into South Morava.

The geological structure of the Miljkovačka gorge is represented by Mesozoic limestone. The pedological substrate is predominantly consisted of cambisoil and red soil.

The climate of this area is humid continental with two extremely wet and cold periods (from

January to May and from September to December) and one arid period during the summer.

Miljkovačka gorge is not well explored area. The first data concerning this area were collected by Spas Sotirov in 1977, who found the new locality of endemic-relict plant species, *Ramonda serbica* in the valley of Kravljanska river. Martinović *et al.* (1985) published paper which was the first phytogeographical investigation of Miljkovačka gorge. The more significant and widely extended breakthrough in the studies of the flora and vegetation of the Miljkovačka gorge was made during 2010. and 2011. (Miljković, 2011; Miljković *et al.*, 2012).

## Materials and methods

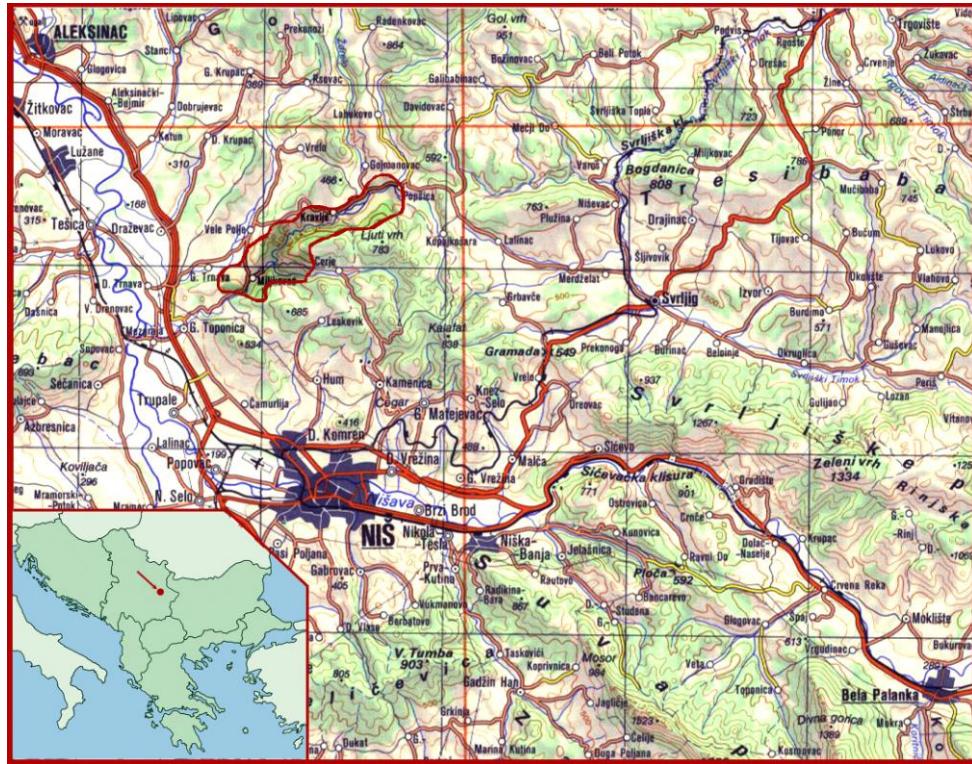
The study is based on literature data (Sotirov, Stanojević, 2012), herbarium collections (HMD), and continuous field observations carried out during the 2010 and 2011. Herbarium specimens are deposited at the Herbarium Moesiacum (HMN). Identification of the collected plants was performed according to Flora

Europaea (Tutin *et al.*, 1964-1980) and the regional Floras relevant for the investigated area (Jordanov, 1963-1979, Velchev 1982-1995, Josifović, 1970-1977, Micevski, 1985-1995, Sarić, 1986, 1992). The nomenclature follows Med-Checklist (Greuter *et al.*, 1984-1989), Flora Europaea (Tutin *et al.*, 1964-1980), and IOPI – International Organization for Plant Information (<http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/iopi/iopihome.htm>). For the area types classification Meusseel *et al.*

(1965, 1978), Meusseel and Jäger (1992) and Stevanović (1992) were used.

## Results

As a result of floristic investigations of the Miljkovačka gorge in Eastern Serbia, region in the central part of the Balkan peninsula, 331 plant taxa belonging to 245 genera and 70 families were recorded (Tab. 1).



**Figure 1.** Geographical position of investigated area

**Table 1.** List of vascular flora with area types, area groups and floristic elements

Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<b>EQUISETOPSIDA</b>			
<b>Equisetaceae</b>	-	-	-
<i>Equisetum arvense L.</i>	Hol		Circumcholart. -(arct-merid)
<i>Equisetum maximum Lam.</i>	Hol		Europ.-North Amer.-(bor-merid)
<b>ASPLENIACEAE</b>			
<b>POLYPODIOPSIDA</b>			
<i>Asplenium ceterach</i>	EA		
<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria L.</i>	Hol		
<i>Asplenium trichomanes L.</i>	Cosm		Cosm.-amfiatl. origin
<b>MAGNOLIOPSIDA</b>			
<b>Acanthaceae</b>			
<i>Acanthus balcanicus Heywood &amp; I. B. K. Richardson</i>	Med-smed	Balk	

Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<b>Aceraceae</b>			
<i>Acer monspessulanum</i> L.	Med-smed		
<i>Acer tataricum</i> L.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	
<b>Aldoxaceae</b>			
<i>Adoxa moschatellina</i> L.	Hol		Circumcholarket.- (temp-submer)
<b>Anacardiaceae</b>			
<i>Cotinus coggygria</i> Scop.	MSM		
<b>Apiaceae</b>			
<i>Aegopodium podagraria</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<i>Berula erecta</i> (Hudson) Coville	Hol		Circumcholarket.- (bor-merid)
<i>Carum carvi</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(temp-submer)
<i>Danaca cornubiensis</i> (L.) Burnat	Med-smed		
<i>Daucus carota</i> L.	Phol-ptrop		Central Europ.- medit.- pont.- orient.- turan.- East African
<i>Eryngium campestre</i> L.	EA		
<i>Falcaria vulgaris</i> Bernh.	EA		
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i> L.	CE		Central European
<i>Pastinaca sativa</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<i>Pimpinella saxifraga</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(temp-mer)
<i>Seseli rigidum</i> Waldst. & Kit.	Med-smed		SKarp-Balk
<i>Seseli varium</i> Trev.	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Torilis arvensis</i> (Hudson) Link	EA	Ce-med	
<b>Araliaceae</b>			
<i>Hedera helix</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	
<b>Aristolochiaceae</b>			
<i>Aristolochia clematitis</i> L.	Med-smed		
<i>Asarum europaeum</i> L.	EA		Eurasian
<b>Asclepiadaceae</b>			
<i>Cynanchum vincetoxicum</i> (L.) Pers.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.- medit.- west-Asian
<b>Asteraceae</b>			
<i>Achillea crithmifolia</i> Waldst. & Kit.	MSM	Med-pont	Panon.-skard.-pind.-mac.-trak.- moes.-danub.
<i>Achillea millefolium</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-submer)
<i>Achillea millefolium</i> L. forma rubra	EA		Eurasian-(bor-submer)
<i>Arctium lappa</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(temp-submer)
<i>Artemisia absinthium</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(subbor-mer)
<i>Artemisia alba</i> L.	Med-smed		
<i>Artemisia annua</i> L.	EA		
<i>Artemisia scoparia</i> Waldst. & Kit.	EA		
<i>Artemisia vulgaris</i> L.	Hol		Circumcholarket.- (subbor-mer)
<i>Bellis perennis</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	Central European- medit.- submedit.
<i>Bidens tripartita</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-temp)
<i>Bombycilealena erecta</i> (L) Smolj.	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Carduus acanthoides</i> L.	CE		Central European
<i>Carduus nutans</i> L.	EA		
<i>Carthamus lanatus</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	

Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<i>Centaurea solstitialis</i> L.	MSM		Medit.-submedit.-pont.-South Sibir-orient.-turan.
<i>Centaurea stoebe</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Chrysanthemum parthenium</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Cirsium palustre</i> (L.) Scop.	Bor		Eur.-West Asian-(bor-temp)
<i>Crepis pulchra</i> L.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	
<i>Crepis setosa</i> Haller fil.	Med-smed		Medit.-submedit.
<i>Crupina vulgaris</i> Cass.	MSM	Med-pont	
<i>Echinops sphaerocephalus</i> L.	EA		
<i>Erigeron canadensis</i> L.	Adv		North American
<i>Eupatorium cannabinum</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Galinsoga parviflora</i> Cav.	Adv		South American
<i>Hieracium pilosella</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Inula conysa</i> DC.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	Sarm.-medit.-smed.-pont.-orient.
<i>Inula germanica</i> L.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	
<i>Inula helenium</i> L.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	
<i>Inula oculus-christi</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Lactuca perennis</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Matricaria trichophylla</i> (Boiss.) Boiss.	EA	Ce-med	Herc.-panon.-East submedit.
<i>Mycelis muralis</i> (L.) Dumort.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Petasites hybridus</i> (L.) P. Gaertner, B. Meyer & Scherb.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-submer)
<i>Ptilestemon afer</i> (Jacqu.) Greut.	Med-smed		South Carp.-moes-mac.-trac.-skard. pind.
<i>Senecio jacobaea</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Senecio vernalis</i> Waldst. & Kit.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Stenactis annua</i> (L.) Less.	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i> Weber	EA		Eurasian-(bor-temp)
<i>Tussilago farfara</i> L.	EA		Central European-medit.-submedit.-pont.-South Sibir.-Central Asian
<i>Xeranthemum annuum</i> L.	Med-smed		Submedit.
<i>Xeranthemum cylindraceum</i> Szb. Et Sm.	MSM	Med-pont	
<b>Berberidaceae</b>			
<i>Berberis vulgaris</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	
<b>Boraginaceae</b>			
<i>Anchusa officinalis</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	Central European-East submedit.-West pont.
<i>Echium italicum</i> L.	Med-smed		
<i>Echium vulgare</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<i>Sympytum officinale</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Atlant-subatlant.-medit.-submedit.-pont.-south-sibir.
<i>Sympytum tuberosum</i> L.	MSM	Med-pont	Medit.-submedit.-pont.
<b>Brassicaceae</b>			
<i>Alliaria officinalis</i> Andr. ex Bieb.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Alyssum alyssoides</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Alyssum murale</i> Waldst. & Kit.	MSM	Med-pont	
<i>Alyssum saxatile</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Arabis recta</i> Will.	EA	Ce-med-pont	

Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<i>Conringia orientalis</i> (L.) Dumort.	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Draba aizoides</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Erysimum comatum</i> Pancic	Med-smed	Balk	Moesian-skard. pind.
<i>Erysimum diffusum</i> Ehrh.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	East Medit.-Pont.-panon.-South Sibir.-turan.
<i>Hesperis matronalis</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	
<b>Campanulaceae</b>			
<i>Campanula bononiensis</i> L.	EA		
<i>Campanula lingulata</i> Waldst. & Kit.	EA	Ce-med	Karp.-panon.-balk.
<i>Campanula rapunculoides</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Campanula trachelium</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<b>Cannabaceae</b>			
<i>Humulus lupulus</i> L.	EA		
<b>Caprifoliaceae</b>			
<i>Sambucus ebulus</i> L.	EA		Central European-medit.-submedit.-Pont.-South Sibir-orient.-turan.
<b>Caryophyllaceae</b>			
<i>Cerastium brachypetalum</i> Pers.	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Cerastium pumilum</i> Curtis	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Cucubalus baccifer</i> L.	EA		
<i>Dianthus armeria</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Dianthus petraeus</i> Waldst. & Kit.	EA	Ce-med	CKarp-Balk
<i>Dianthus pontederae</i> A. Kerner	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Herniaria hirsuta</i> L.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	Central European-submedit.-West Asian-(temp-merid)
<i>Holosteum umbellatum</i> L.	EA		
<i>Lychnis coronaria</i> (L.) Desr.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	Central European-submedit.-kavk.-turan.
<i>Moehringia muscosa</i> L.	EAM	CSEM	Central-South-Europ.-Mont.
<i>Petrorhagia illyrica</i> (L.) P. W. Ball & Heywood	Med-smed		
<i>Petrorhagia saxifraga</i> (L.) Link	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Saponaria officinalis</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(temp-submer)
<i>Silene alba</i> (Miller) W. Greuter & Burdet	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<i>Silene flavescens</i> Waldst. & Kit.	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Silene viridiflora</i> L.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	Central European-Central Medit.-East Submedit.-orient.-turan.
<i>Silene vulgaris</i> (Moench) Garcke	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<i>Stellaria holostea</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Stellaria media</i> (L.) Vill.	Cosm		Cosm-Eurasian origin
<b>Celastraceae</b>			
<i>Euonymus europaeus</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	Europ.-submedit.
<b>Chenopodiaceae</b>			
<i>Polycnemum arvense</i> L.	EA		
<b>Cistaceae</b>			
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i> (L.) Miller	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<b>Convolvulaceae</b>			
<i>Calystegia sepium</i> (L.) R. Br.	Cosm		Cosm.-europ.-northamer. origin

Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<i>Convolvulus arvensis L.</i>	Cosm		Cosm.- mediter. origin
<i>Convolvulus cantabricus L.</i>	EA	Ce-med	
<b>Cornaceae</b>			
<i>Cornus mas L.</i>	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Cornus sanguinea L.</i>	CE		
<b>Corylaceae</b>			
<i>Carpinus orientalis Miller</i>	EA	Ce-med	
<b>Crassulaceae</b>		Ce-med	
<i>Sedum acre L.</i>	CE	Ce-med	Atlant.-Central European-submedit.
<i>Sedum dasypyllyum L.</i>	Med-smed		
<i>Sedum hispanicum L.</i>	Med-smed	E smed	Submedit.
<i>Sedum ochroleucum Chaix</i>	Med-smed	E smed	
<i>Sedum telephium L. ssp. maximum (L.) Krocker</i>	Med-smed	E smed	
<i>Sempervivum marmoreum Griseb.</i>	EA	Med-pont	
<b>Cucurbitaceae</b>			
<i>Bryonia alba L.</i>	EA	Ce-m-p-or	
<b>Cuscutaceae</b>			
<i>Cuscuta epithymum L.</i>	EA		Eur.-med.-smed.-pont.-orient.-turan.-himal.
<b>Dipsacaceae</b>			
<i>Cephalaria flava (Sibth. &amp; Sm.) Szabó</i>	Med-smed	Balk	Moesian-skard. pind.
<i>Dipsacus laciniatus L.</i>	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Knautia drymeia Heuffel</i>	EAM	CSEM	Alp.-balk.
<i>Scabiosa ochroleuca L.</i>	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<b>Euphorbiaceae</b>			
<i>Euphorbia amygdaloides L.</i>	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Euphorbia cyparissias L.</i>	EA		Eurosib.- (bor-merid)
<i>Euphorbia polychroma A. Kerner</i>	Med-smed		
<i>Euphorbia salicifolia Host</i>	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Euphorbia taurinensis All.</i>	Med-smed		
<i>Mercurialis perennis L.</i>	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<b>Fabaceae</b>			
<i>Astragalus cicer L.</i>	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Galega officinalis L.</i>	EA	Med-pont	Pontsko-istočnosubmedit.
<i>Genista tinctoria L.</i>	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Lathyrus venetus (Miller) Wohlf.</i>	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Lathyrus vernus (L.) Bernh.</i>	EA	Ce-med	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Medicago arabica (L.) Hudson</i>	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Medicago falcata L.</i>	EA		
<i>Medicago prostrata Jacq.</i>	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Melilotus officinalis (L.) Pallas</i>	EA		Eurasian
<i>Ononis spinosa L.</i>	EA	Ce-med	Atlant.-Central European-submedit.
<i>Trifolium alpestre L.</i>	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Trifolium arvense L.</i>	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-southsib.
<i>Trifolium campestre Schreber</i>	EA	Ce-m-p-or	Central European-medit.-submedit.-pont.-orient.-turan.

Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<i>Trifolium dalmaticum</i> Vis.	Med-smed	E smed	
<i>Trifolium pratense</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-submedit.-pont.-south-sibir.
<i>Trifolium repens</i> L.	Hol		Circumcholarkct.- (arct-submer)
<i>Vicia lathyroides</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Vicia villosa</i> Roth	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<b>Fagaceae</b>			
<i>Fagus moesiaca</i> K.Maly	CE		Moesian
<i>Quercus cerris</i> L.	Med-smed		
<i>Quercus frainetto</i> Ten.	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Quercus pubescens</i> Willd.	EA	Ce-med	
<b>Gentianaceae</b>		Ce-med	
<i>Centaurium erythraea</i> Rafin.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<b>Geraniaceae</b>			
<i>Geranium lucidum</i> L.	EA		
<i>Geranium molle</i> L.	EA		
<i>Geranium robertianum</i> L.	Cosm		Sec. cosm. -Eurasian. origin
<b>Gesneriaceae</b>			
<i>Ramonda serbica</i> Panč.	Med-smed	Balk	Moesian-skard. pind.
<b>Hypericaceae</b>			
<i>Hypericum boissieri</i> Petrovic	Med-smed	Balk	
<i>Hypericum perforatum</i> L.	EA		Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Hypericum rumeliacum</i> Boiss.	Med-smed		SKarp-Balk
<b>Lamiaceae</b>			
<i>Acinos arvensis</i> (Lam.) Dandy	EA	Ce-med-pont	Central European-submedit.-pont.-South Sibir.
<i>Acinos hungaricus</i> (Simonkai) [ilic	EA	Ce-med-pont	Herc.-panon.-South sarmat.-medit.-submedit.-pont.
<i>Ajuga reptans</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	Central European-submedit.
<i>Calamintha sylvatica</i> Bromf.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	Sublant.-Central European-submedit.-pont.-orijantal.-turan.
<i>Clinopodium vulgare</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	Eurasian-(subbor-submer)
<i>Glechoma hederacea</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(subbor-submer)
<i>Glechoma hirsuta</i> Waldst. & Kit.	EA	Ce-med-pont	Subatl.-ce-medit.-pont.
<i>Hyssopus officinalis</i> L.	Med-smed		
<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> L.	Hol	Phol-ptrop	Eurasian-(temp-smer)-East-Afric.
<i>Lamium galeobdolon</i> L.	CE		Central European
<i>Lamium garganicum</i> L.	EA(M)	CSEM	
<i>Lamium maculatum</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	Central European-submedit.-pont.
<i>Leonurus cardiaca</i> L.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	Herc.-sarmat.-submedit.-pont.-South Sibir.-orijental.-turan.
<i>Lycopus europaeus</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Marrubium peregrinum</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Melissa officinalis</i> L.	MSM		Medit.-East submed.-orijent.-turan.
<i>Melittis melissophyllum</i> L.	CE		
<i>Mentha aquatica</i> L.	Hol	Phol-ptrop	Europ.-(subbor-mer)-East.-Afric.-(borsubtro)-afric-(austr)

Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<i>Mentha longifolia</i> (L.) Hudson	Hol	Phol-ptrop	Europ.-West-Asian-(temp-mer)- East-Afric.-(borstro)-afric-(austr)
<i>Mentha pulegium</i> L.	EA		
<i>Micromeria cristata</i> (Hampe) Griseb.	Med-smed	Balk	Moesian
<i>Origanum vulgare</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(temp-mer)
<i>Prunella laciniata</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Atlant.-Central-Europ.-medit.- oriental
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Salvia nemorosa</i> L.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	Central European-submedit.- pont.-orient.-turan.
<i>Salvia sclarea</i> L.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	
<i>Satureja kitaibelii</i> Wierzb.	Med-smed		
<i>Scutellaria columnae</i> All.	Med-smed		
<i>Sideritis montana</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Stachys germanica</i> L.	MSM	Med-pont	Medit.-submedit.-pont.
<i>Stachys palustris</i> L.	Hol		Circumcholarkct.-(bor-submer)
<i>Stachys recta</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Stachys sylvatica</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Teucrium chamaedrys</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Teucrium montanum</i> L.	EA(M)	CSEM	
<i>Teucrium polium</i> L.	Med-smed		
<i>Thymus marschalianus</i> Willd.	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Thymus pulegioides</i> L.	CE		Central European
<b>Lythraceae</b>			
<i>Lythrum salicaria</i> L.	Cosm		Eurasian disjunct-(subbor-mer)- southeastern Austr. (Austr.)
<b>Malvaceae</b>			
<i>Alcea rosea</i> L.	Med-smed		
<i>Althaea officinalis</i> L.	EA		
<b>Oenotheraceae</b>			
<i>Circaeа lutetiana</i> L.	Hol		Circumcholarkct.-(bor-merid)
<i>Epilobium hirsutum</i> L.	Hol	Phol-ptrop	Euras.-(subbor-mer)-afric- (borsubtro-austrosubtro)
<i>Epilobium lanceolatum</i> Sebastiani & Mauri	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Epilobium montanum</i> L.	EA		Eurasian
<i>Oenothera biennis</i> L.	Adv		
<b>Oleaceae</b>			
<i>Fraxinus ornus</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Ligustrum vulgare</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Syringa vulgaris</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<b>Paeoniaceae</b>			
<i>Paeonia decora</i> G. Anderson	MSM	Med-pont	
<b>Papaveraceae</b>			
<i>Chelidonium majus</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Amfiatlant.-Central-Europ.- medit.-west-Asian-(bor-merid)

Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<i>Corydalis bulbosa</i> (L.) DC	EA	EA(W)	European-West Asian
<i>Papaver rhoeas</i> L.	EA		European-medit.-submedit.-pont.-South Sibir.-oriental.
<b>Plantaginaceae</b>			
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(subbor-temp)
<i>Plantago major</i> L.	Cosm		Cosm.-europ.-northamer. origin
<i>Plantago media</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(temp-submer)
<b>Polygonaceae</b>			
<i>Bilderdykia convolvulus</i> (L.) Dumort.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(temp)
<b>Portulacaceae</b>			
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i> L.	Adv		
<b>Primulaceae</b>			
<i>Anagallis arvensis</i> L.	Cosm		Cosm.- mediter. origin
<i>Lysimachia nummularia</i> L.	CE		Central European
<i>Lysimachia punctata</i> L.	EA	Ce-pont	
<i>Lysimachia vulgaris</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(temp-submer)
<b>Ranunculaceae</b>			
<i>Anemone ranunculoides</i> L.	CE		Central European
<i>Clematis vitalba</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Helleborus odorus</i> Waldst. & Kit.	CE		Central European (temp-submer)
<i>Hepatica nobilis</i> Schreber	CE		
<i>Isopyrum thalictroides</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	Herc.-sarmat.-pan.-medit.-submedit.-pont.-southsib.
<i>Nigella arvensis</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Ranunculus millefoliatus</i> Vahl	Med-smed		
<i>Ranunculus repens</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<i>Ranunculus serbicus</i> Vis.	EAM	SEM	Apen.-balk.
<i>Ranunculus stevenii</i> Andrž. ex Besser	MSM	Med-pont	Pont.-submedit.
<i>Thalictrum lucidum</i> L.	CE		Central European
<b>Rosaceae</b>			
<i>Agrimonia eupatoria</i> Ledeb.	EA		Evropsko-mediteransko-pontsko-orientalno-južnosibirsko-turanski
<i>Aremonia agrimonoides</i> (L.) DC.	EAM	EA(W)M	SEM-south-west-Asian-mont.
<i>Filipendula hexapetala</i> Gilib.	EA		
<i>Fragaria vesca</i> L.	Cosm		Sekundarni kosmop. evroaz. porekla
<i>Geum urbanum</i> L.	Hol		Europ.-West Asian-North Amer.- (bor-temp)
<i>Potentilla argentea</i> L.	CE		Central European
<i>Potentilla cinerea</i> Chaix ex Vill.	EA	Ce-med-pont	
<i>Potentilla detommasii</i> Ten.	EAM	CSEM	Apen.-balk.-anatol.
<i>Potentilla recta</i> var. <i>sulfurea</i> Lam.	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Potentilla reptans</i> L.	EA		
<i>Prunus spinosa</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Rubus caesius</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(temp-submer)
<i>Sanguisorba minor</i> Scop.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Waldsteinia geoides</i> Willd.	EA	Ce-med-pont	

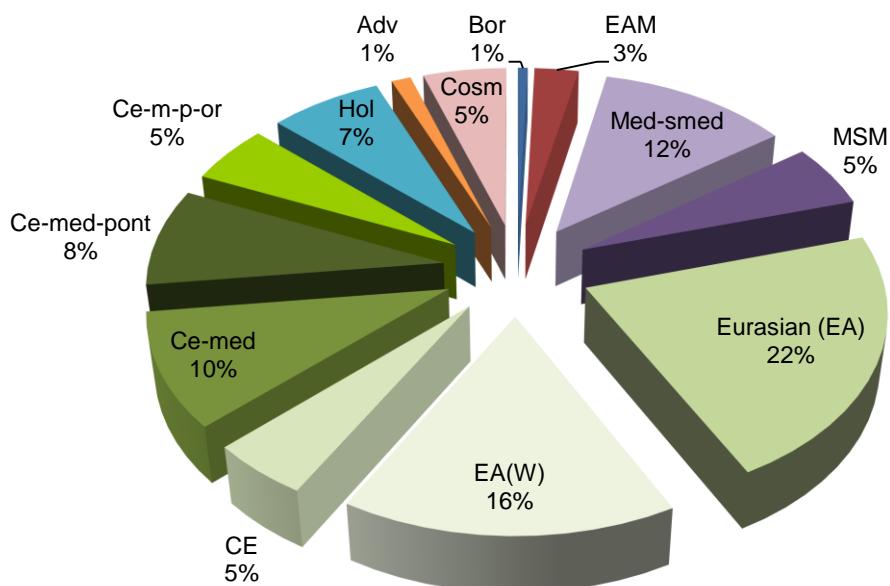
Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<b>Rubiaceae</b>			
<i>Asperula longiflora</i> Waldst. & Kit.	Med-smed	Alp-balk	
<i>Asperula purpurea</i> (L.) Ehrend.	Med-smed		
<i>Asperula taurina</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	South Central Europ.-submedit.
<i>Galium album</i> Miller	CE		Subatlant.-Central European
<i>Galium aparine</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<i>Sherardia arvensis</i> L.	Cosm		
<b>Rutaceae</b>			
<i>Dictamnus albus</i> L.	EA		
<b>Salicaceae</b>			
<i>Salix fragilis</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-west-Asian-(temp-submer)
<i>Salix purpurea</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<b>Santalaceae</b>			
<i>Comandra elegans</i> Roch.	Med-smed		Southkarp.-balk.
<b>Saxifragaceae</b>			
<i>Saxifraga rotundifolia</i> L.	EAM	EA(W)M	SEM-anatol.-kavk.
<b>Scrophulariaceae</b>			
<i>Digitalis lanata</i> Ehrh.	CE		Panon.-balk.
<i>Lathraea squamaria</i> L.	EA		
<i>Linaria concolor</i> Gris.	Med-smed	Balk	Moesian-macedon.-trac.
<i>Linaria genistifolia</i> (L.) Miller	EA	Ce-med-pont	Central European-Cmed.-pont.-south-sibir.
<i>Linaria vulgaris</i> Miller	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Melampyrum arvense</i> L.	EA(W)		
<i>Odontites rubra</i> Besser	EA	Ce-med	Central European-medit.-submedit.
<i>Verbascum phlomoides</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	Central European-medit.-submedit.
<i>Veronica beccabunga</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Veronica hederifolia</i> L.	EA	Ce-med-pont	Central European-submedit.-pont.
<i>Veronica polita</i> Fries	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i> L.	Cosm		Cosm-Eurasian origin
<b>Solanaceae</b>			
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i> L.	EA		Eur.-medit.-pont.-orient.-turan.
<b>Urticaceae</b>			
<i>Parietaria officinalis</i> L.	EA	Ce-med	Central European-medit.-submedit.
<i>Parietaria serbica</i> Pancic	Med-smed	Balk	Moesian
<i>Urtica dioica</i> L.	Hol		Circumcholarket.-(bor-temp)
<b>Valerianaceae</b>			
<i>Valeriana officinalis</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(subbor-temp)
<i>Valerianella carinata</i> Loisel.	EA	Ce-m-p-or	
<i>Valerianella turgida</i> (Steven) Betcke	Med-smed		
<b>Verbenaceae</b>			
<i>Verbena officinalis</i> L.	Cosm		Cosm-Eurasian origin

Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<b>Violaceae</b>			
<i>Viola canina L.</i>	Hol		Circumcholarkct.- (bor-submer)
<i>Viola kitaibeliana Schultes</i>	EA	Ce-med	
<i>Viola silvestris Lam. p.p.</i>	EA		
<b>LILIOPSIDA</b>			
<b>Alysmataceae</b>			
<i>Alisma plantago-aquatica L.</i>	Hol		Circumcholarkct.- (bor-submer)
<b>Araceae</b>			
<i>Arum maculatum L.</i>	EA	Ce-med-pont	Ce-submedit.-West pont.
<b>Cyperaceae</b>			
<i>Carex bueckii Wimmer</i>	EA	EA(W)	
<i>Scirpus sylvaticus L.</i>	Adv		Eurasian- (bor-temp)
<b>Dioscoreaceae</b>			
<i>Tamus communis L.</i>	EA	EA(W)	Atlant.-Central-Europ..-medit.-submedit.-oriental
<b>Iridaceae</b>			
<i>Iris pseudoacorus L.</i>	EA	EA(W)	
<b>Lemnaceae</b>			
<i>Lemna minor L.</i>	Cosm		Cosm.
<b>Liliaceae</b>			
<i>Allium flavum L.</i>	MSM	Med-pont	Medit.-submedit.-pont.
<i>Allium rotundum L.</i>	EA	Ce-m-p-or	Sublant.-Central European- submedit.-oriental.
<i>Allium saxatile Bieb.</i>	MSM	Med-pont	
<i>Asparagus tenuifolius Lam.</i>	MSM	Med-pont	
<i>Colchicum autumnale L.</i>	EA	Ce-med	Atlant.-Central European-medit.
<i>Erythronium dens-canis L.</i>	EA		Eurasian- (bor-merid)
<i>Lilium martagon L.</i>	EA		Subatlant.-Central European- submedit.-central Sibir.
<i>Polygonatum odoratum (Miller) Druce</i>	EA		Eurasian- (bor-submer)
<b>Orchidaceae</b>			
<i>Cephalanthera damasonium (Miller)</i> Druce	EA		
<i>Himantoglossum hircinum (L.) Sprengel</i>	EA	Ce-med	
<b>Poaceae</b>			
<i>Aegilops triaristata Willd. nom. illegit.</i>	Med-smed		
<i>Agrostis alba L.</i>	Hol		
<i>Agrostis capillaris L.</i>	Hol		Circumcholarkct.- (bor-merid)
<i>Alopecurus pratensis L.</i>	EA		Eurasian-disjunct.- (bor-submer)
<i>Anthoxanthum odoratum L.</i>	EA		Eurasian-disjunct.- (bor-submer)
<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum (Hudson)</i> Beauv.	EA		
<i>Chrysopogon gryllus (L.) Trin.</i>	MSM	Med-pont	
<i>Dasypirum villosum (L.) Cand.</i>	Med-smed		
<i>Dichanthium ischaemum (L.) Roberty</i>	Cosm		Cosm.- mediter. origin
<i>Echinochloa crus-galli (L.) Beauv.</i>	Cosm		
<i>Hordeum leporinum (Linc) Arcangeli</i>	Hol		

Taxa	Area type	Area group	Floistic element
<i>Koeleria macrantha</i> (Ledeb.) Schultes	Hol		Circumcholarket.-(bor-submer)
<i>Lolium perenne</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(bor-merid)
<i>Melica ciliata</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<i>Orysopsis virescens</i> (Trin.) G. Beck	MSM	Med-pont-or	
<i>Poa bulbosa</i> L.	EA		Eur.-medit.-submedit.-pont..-South Sibir.-orient.-turan.-Central Asian
<i>Poa nemoralis</i> L.	Hol		Circumcholarket.-(temp)
<i>Poa pratensis</i> L.	Cosm		
<i>Sesleria rigida</i> Heuffel ex Reichenb.	EA(M)	CSEM	
<i>Setaria viridis</i> (L.) Beauv.	EA		Eurasian-(temp-mer)
<i>Stipa capillata</i> L.	EA		Eurasian-(temp-mer)
<b>Sparganiaceae</b>			
<i>Sparganium erectum</i> L.	EA	EA(W)	Europ.-medit.-west-Asian
<b>Typhaceae</b>			
<i>Typha latifolia</i> L.	Cosm		Cosm.- circumcholaret. origin
<i>Typha laxmanii</i> Lepechin	EA	EA(W)	

**Table 2.** Chorological spectrum of the Mijkovačka gorge flora

Areal type (group)	Species	%
<b>Boreal (Bor)</b>	2	0.60
<b>Eurasian mountane (EAM)</b>		0.00
Central South European mountane (EAM/CSEM)	6	1.81
West Eurasian mountainous (EAM/EA(W)M)	2	0.60
South European mountainous (EAM/SEM)	1	0.30
<b>Central European (CE)</b>	16	4.83
<b>Meditteranenan-submeditteranean (Med-smed)</b>	26	7.85
Alpine-Balkan (Med-smed/Alp-balk)	1	0.30
Balkan (Med-smed/Balk)	8	2.42
European-submeditteranean (Med-smed/E smed)	4	1.21
<b>Meridional-Submeridional (MSM)</b>		0.00
Mediterranean-Pontic (MSM/Med-pont)	12	3.63
Mediterranean-Pontic-Oriental (MSM/Med-pont-or)	1	0.30
Mediterranean-Pontic-Oriental-Carpathian (MSM/Med-pont-or-ca)	3	0.91
<b>Eurasian (EA)</b>	72	21.75
European-West Asian (EA/EA (W))	53	16.01
Central European-Mediterranean (EA/Ce-med)	33	9.97
Mediterranean-Pontic (EA/Med-pont)	2	0.60
Central European-Mediterranean-Pontic (EA/Ce-med-pont)	27	8.16
Central European-Mediterranean-Pontian-Oriental-Turanian (EA/Ce-m-p-or)	17	5.14
Central European-Pontian (EA/Ce-pont)	1	0.30
<b>Holarctic (Hol)</b>	18	5.44
Paleoholarctic-paleotropic (Hol/Phol-ptrop)	5	1.51
<b>Adventive (Adv)</b>	4	1.21
<b>Cosmopolitan (Cosm)</b>	17	5.14
<b>TOTAL</b>	331	100.00



**Figure 2.** Area spectrum of the flora of the Miljkovacka gorge

## Disscusion

For the phytogeographical analysis, all plant taxa were classified into 112 floristic elements, sorted in 15 area groups and 9 areal types (**Tab.2**).

As shown in **Fig.2**, domination of Eurasian area type (EA) with 205 taxa (62%) indicates the accessibility of Miljkovačka gorge for colder influences coming from the northwest through the valley of the South Morava river. From the other side, Svrliške mountain massif (Kalafat and Kamenički vis) prevent the penetration of warmer effects coming from the Mediterranean by the valleys of Nišava and South Morava rivers. European-West Asian areal group were represented with 53 taxa (16.01%), where 27 taxa belongs to European-Meditteranean-West-Asian floristic elements: *Stellaria holostea*, *Veronica beccabunga*, *Prunella vulgaris*, *Cynanchum vincetoxicum*, *Campanula rapunculoides*, etc.

The high presence of plants which belong to Mediterranean-submediterranean area type (Med-smed (12%), or 39 plant taxa) and Meridional-Submeridional area type (MSM (5%), or 16 taxa), can be explained by the ground degradation, presence of limestone that heats easily and more easily colds, and small amount of soil covering. Almost all endemic taxa, *Parietaria serbica*, *Hypericum boissieri*, *Linaria concolor*, *Erysimum comatum*, *Ramonda serbica*, *Acanthus balcanicus*, *Micromeria cristata*, *Cephalaria flava* belong to Med-smed area type, while *Parietaria serbica* and

*Micromeria cristata* represent edificatory species of ass. *Micromerio-Pariterietum serbicae* Miljković, M. 2012., and *Ramonda serbica* represents edificatory taxa of ass. *Ceterachi-Ramondietum serbicae* Jovanović, R. 1953 on limestones.

Holarctic area type includes 23 taxa (7%) with 4 boreal- meridional and 4 boreal-submeridional floristic elements, while others have disjunctive distribution area.

Percentage of 5% of species which belong to Central European area type is product of the presence of mesophilous beach forest communities (*Fagetum moesiaceae montanum* Blečić et Lakušić 1970. above 700 m., *Carpino-Querco-Fagetum mixtum*, prov., located near the stream that flows next to the monastery St. Archangel Gabriel in Popsica) (Đorđević, V. et al. 2006).

Low percentage of Eurasian-mountain (3%) and Boreal (0.6%) chorological types point to relatively low altitude of this gorge as well as to weak phytogeographical links with the high mountain region of the Balkan peninsula.

The significant presence in the composition of the Miljkovačka gorge flora has Cosmopolitan (Cosm) area type with many ruderal species: *Plantago major*, *Stellaria media*, *Convolvulus arvensis*, *Verbena officinalis*, etc.

Small number of Adventive area type taxa (4 (1%)) can be explained by the distance of the Miljkovačka gorge valley and the significant migratory routes of adventive flora, which coincides with the nearby road traffic.

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